

# Information Booklet

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## Rome General Meeting: Present and Future strategies for Cultural Heritage

*28-30 November 2022*

*An initiative of:*



*In partnership with:*



*With the support of:*





# How to arrive?

General information on traveling to Rome: [www.turismoroma.it/en](http://www.turismoroma.it/en)



## Getting to Rome by air

### *Leonardo da Vinci International airport (Fiumicino)*

The main airport Leonardo da Vinci International airport is located in Fiumicino, about 26 km from the city centre. Featuring two recently reorganised passengers' terminals (Terminal 1 and Terminal 3), it is the busiest airport in the country and the eleventh-busiest airport in Europe.

### How to get to the city centre from Fiumicino airport:

#### 1) BY TRAIN

##### Shuttle-Train Leonardo Express

It is the recommended option. At the airport's railway station the Shuttle-Train Leonardo Express direct service (without calling at other stations) takes just 32 minutes to get to Termini Station (intersecting with the Metro Lines A & B) and leaves every half hour from 6.23 a.m. to 11.23p.m. (every 15 minutes during the time slots with higher traffic).

To get to Fiumicino from Termini Station, the Shuttle-Train Leonardo Express direct service leaves every half hour, from 5.35 a.m. until 22.35 p.m (every 15 minutes during the time slots with higher traffic).

The €14 ticket may be purchased at ticket office, from self-service machines, travel agents', authorized vendors, Trenitalia counters near platforms and at [www.trenitalia.com](http://www.trenitalia.com). Children under 12 travel free if accompanied by an adult.

##### FL1 train

The FL1 service to Tiburtina station (Metro Line B) takes 48 minutes and leaves every 15 minutes on week days and every 30 minutes on weekends and on Holidays from 5.57 a.m. to 10.42 p.m.

The train also stops at Parco Leonardo, Fiera di Roma, Ponte Galeria, Muratella, Magliana, Villa Bonelli, Trastevere, Ostiense (where there is a connection with the Metro B Line) and Tuscolana.

The FL1 train to Fiumicino from Fara Sabina leaves every 15 minutes calling at Roma Tiburtina, Roma Tuscolana, Roma Ostiense, Roma Trastevere, Villa Bonelli, Magliana, Muratella, Ponte Gale- ria, Fiera di Roma and Parco Leonardo. Single €8, which may be directly purchased at the station (Roma Pass or Roma Piu' Pass tickets are valid as far as Fiera di Roma). Further information may be found at [www.trenitalia.com](http://www.trenitalia.com).

##### Frecciargento

-From Fiumicino airport to Rome:

leaves at 11:08am (gets to Roma Termini at 11:40am; gets to Roma Tiburtina at 11:58am) leaves at 3:08pm (gets to Roma Termini at 3:40pm; gets to Roma Tiburtina at 3:58pm)

- From Rome (Termini Station) to Fiumicino airport



leaves at 9:20am (gets to Fiumicino airport at 9:52am) leaves at 1:20pm (gets to Fiumicino airport at 1:52pm)

From Roma Tiburtina to airport

leaves at 9:00am (gets to Fiumicino airport at 9:52am) leaves at 1:00pm (gets to Fiumicino airport at 1:52pm)

Further information: [www.lefrece.it](http://www.lefrece.it)

## 2) BY BUS

COTRAL Services – Public Service

Timetable and prices are subject to change, for more information and updates please visit [www.cotralspa.it](http://www.cotralspa.it) (tickets available at Terminals, newsagents and tobacconists)

ATRAL BUS

For timetable and prices from Fiumicino airport to Termini station and from Termini station to Fiumicino airport, visit [www.atal-lazio.com](http://www.atal-lazio.com).

GASPARI BUS

The bus line Martinsicuro-Fiumicino (and vice versa), stops also at Ciampino, thus connecting the two airports of Rome.

For more information, please visit [www.gasparionline.it](http://www.gasparionline.it).

TERRAVISION, in partnership with Alivision

From Fiumicino airport to Termini station and from Termini station. More information and online purchase at [www.terravision.eu](http://www.terravision.eu).

SIT BUS

Fiumicino city – Fiumicino airport – Via Crescenzo 2 (Vatican) – Termini station Tickets can be purchased on board or from these dealers: [www.sitbusshuttle.it](http://www.sitbusshuttle.it).

TAM Tirreno Azienda Mobilità

Fiumicino city – Fiumicino airport – Ostiense station – Termini station For more information: [www.tambus.it](http://www.tambus.it).

## 3) BY TAXI

There are various taxi services available with desks in the arrivals hall. There are also many companies that allow online pre-booking for a fixed price. If you are traveling with others, this option may be cheaper than the Shuttle-Train Leonardo Express per person.

Fares:

- to and from Fiumicino Airport – Ostiense Railway Station €45
- to and from Fiumicino Airport – The Aurelian Wall €50
- to and from Fiumicino Airport – Tiburtina Railway Station €55
- to and from Fiumicino Airport – Port of Civitavecchia €120

A maximum fare of €70 has been set for journeys starting from inside the Rome Ring Road (Grande Raccordo Anulare) and heading to Fiumicino airport in the event that the taxi metre displays a higher sum. Taxis licensed by Rome City Council are white, have a sign bearing the word "TAXI" on their roofs, the symbol of the City Council on the front doors and the license inside the back left.

Other vehicles waiting at the airport may be unauthorized and the fare could therefore be higher.



## 4) BY CAR

A Chauffeur-driven car service, under the NCC sign, is also available just outside the airport. The vehicles are usually either blue or grey and fares vary depending on destination. Authorized agencies: Con.co.ra, Sar, Airport.

There are also many car rental agencies at airport, such as: Autoeurope, Avis, Budget, EasyCar, Hertz, Maggiore, Sixt, National. To get to the city centre, follow this route: take the Rome-Fiumicino motorway in the direction of Rome until the turning off onto the Grande Raccordo Anulare (The Rome Ring Road). Journey time: about 30 minutes.

## Giovanni Battista Pastine airport (Ciampino)

The second international airport of Rome is Pastine (Ciampino), where most charter flights land. It is a joint civilian, commercial and military airport situated about 20 km south southeast of central Rome, just outside the Greater Ring Road (Grande Raccordo Anulare).

### How to get to the city centre from Ciampino airport

#### 1) BY TRAIN

Ciampino railway station is reached by special buses from the airport.

Further information and the latest updates may be found at [www.atral-lazio.com](http://www.atral-lazio.com)

Trains, which leave every 15 minutes, take 10 minutes to get to Rome Termini (Metro A & B).

#### 2) BY BUS

Rome's Termini Railway Station is also easily reached by bus. The journey takes around 40 minutes and the companies running the service are the following:

##### ATAC

The 720 Atac line enters Ciampino airport and connects it directly with Metro B Laurentina station. Departures are every 20 minutes. The stop is at stall number 4 of the bus area nearby the exit of Ciampino airport. The bus makes 22 stops and passes through via di Vigna Murata, via Ardeatina and via di Fioranello.

The 520 Atac line connects Ciampino airport to Cinecittà and Subaugusta Metro stations A and to FL4 regional railway Rome Termini – Ciampino – Frascati/Albano/Velletri at Capannelle station. The 520 line ends at Subaugusta station and is in service from 5.30 a. m. to 11.30 p. m., every day including holidays.

Both the lines at the cost of one BIT (Integrated 100-minute Time Ticket). The €1.50 BIT ticket can be purchased at the airport inside the arrivals area, at the Tourist Infopoints of Roma Capitale or in the Chef Express store. It is also possible to buy the other Atac travel passes, 24, 48 and 72 hours at a cost of €7, €12.50 and €18, to use all public Atac, Cotral transport and the railways in the territory of Rome.

##### ATRAL

Ciampino airport – Metro Anagnina

Further information and the latest updates may be found at: [www.atral-lazio.com](http://www.atral-lazio.com).



### **GASPARI BUS**

Further information and the latest updates may be found at: [www.gasparionline.it](http://www.gasparionline.it)

### **TERRAVISION**

Ciampino airport – Termini Station (and back)

Further information and the latest updates may be found at: [www.terravision.eu](http://www.terravision.eu)

### **SIT BUS**

Ciampino airport – Termini Station (and back)

Further information and the latest updates may be found at: [www.sitbusshuttle.it](http://www.sitbusshuttle.it)

## **3) BY TAXI**

Taxis to Rome stop in the small square in front of the airport itself. Fares:

- to and from Ciampino Airport – The Aurelian Wall **€31**
- to and from Ciampino Airport – Ostiense Railway Station **€30**
- to and from Ciampino Airport – Tiburtina Railway Station **€ 35**

Taxis licensed by Rome City Council are white and have a sign bearing the word “TAXI” on their roofs. The symbol of the Rome City Council is clearly visible on the front doors and the license inside the back left. Other vehicles waiting on exiting the airport may well be driven by unauthorized persons and the fare could therefore be a great deal higher.

## **4) BY CAR**

A Chauffeur-driven car service, under the NCC sign, is also available just outside the airport. The vehicles are usually either blue or grey and fares vary depending on destination. Authorized agencies: Con.co.ra, Sar. There are also many car rental agencies at airport, such as: Autoeurope, Avis, Budget, Hertz, Maggiore, Sixt, Thrifty Car Rental. Airport Info: [www.adr.it](http://www.adr.it)

To get to the city centre, follow this route: take the Appia Nuova in the direction of the centre or turn off onto the Grande Raccordo Anulare (The Rome Ring Road), where exits are sign-posted to reach Rome's districts.



## **Getting to Rome by train**

### ***Termini station***

Located in the heart of Rome, Termini offers various services, such as a tourist information point, car rental, a luggage storage, a bank and exchange, toilets, a lost property office, as well as a large Shopping & Food area (clothing, books, music, accessories, footwear, toys, hi-tech, gift ideas, tobacco, glasses, beauty shops). Termini is also the interchange station between two of the three underground lines of the city: Metro A (red line) and Metro B (blue line).

More information at [www.instazione.shop/roma-termini](http://www.instazione.shop/roma-termini).

Timetable, train ticket costs and online purchase are available at [www.trenitalia.com](http://www.trenitalia.com)



## **Tiburtina station**

Tiburtina Station is the second main station in the capital, located in the east of Rome. Metro B (blue line) connects it to different areas of the city and to the Colosseum. A Shopping & Food area, a bank and exchange, toilets and wifi are present here too. Both stations are connected to the underground and to numerous buses for all directions, whose stop is on the squares in front of the stations together with Roma Capitale white taxis with the word TAXI on their roof and the symbol of Roma Capitale on the front doors.

More information at [www.instazione.shop/roma-tiburtina](http://www.instazione.shop/roma-tiburtina).

Timetable, train ticket costs and online purchase are available at [www.trenitalia.com](http://www.trenitalia.com)



## **Getting to Rome by coach**

If you prefer to travel by coach and enjoy the view, you may choose among the many companies travelling from and to Rome, either from abroad or various Italian Regions (Puglia, Calabria, Campania, Basilicata, Abruzzo, Marche, Sicilia).

Most coaches bound for Italian or foreign towns and cities may be found in the terminus in the square in front of Tiburtina railway station. The ticket offices are located in the shops on the side of the square.

In a few minutes, you may reach Tiburtina railway station walking through the square. Tiburtina Station is the second most important station, located in the east area of Rome. It connects to many areas of the city, through Line B of the metro (blue line), and offers a Shopping & Food area, bank and exchange,

For further information: [www.060608.it](http://www.060608.it)



## **Getting to Rome by car**

Would you decide to arrive by car, for those arriving from the North, the best way to reach the capital is via the Milan-Rome A1 motorway.

Those coming from the West of the country should instead take the Aurelia State Road and then the Civitavecchia-Rome A12 motorway.

From the Adriatic Coast, the best route is via the Aquila-Rome A24 motorway.

Finally from the South, the Naples-Rome A1 motorway should be taken. Every motorway joins up with the "Grande Raccordo Anulare" (or G.R.A.-Rome Ring Road) with all exits for the centre and Rome's suburbs.

Further information on [www.autostrade.it](http://www.autostrade.it)



# Getting around the city

## *Metro, bus and tram*

The public transport system, including of the underground lines, trams and buses, gets you to the major tourist sites and attractions quicker.

Purchasing a [Roma Pass](#), the capital's tourist-cultural card, card holders have free use of the city's public transport network, as well as various benefits and discounts in museums, monuments, attractions, and tourist services.

A wide range of different kinds of tickets and season tickets are available with the Metrebus Roma system:

- BIT (€ 1,50)

Valid for 100 minutes from the moment it has been stamped

- ROMA 24H € 7,00

Valid 24 hours from first validation and for unlimited travel within the city of Rome

- ROMA 48H € 12,50

Valid 48 hours from first validation and for unlimited travel within the city of Rome

- ROMA 72H € 18,00

Valid 72 hours from first validation and for unlimited travel within the city of Rome

- CIS (€24,00 )

Valid for 7 days from the date it has been first stamped, meaning until midnight of the third day including the day it was stamped, for an unlimited number of journeys

Further information may be found on the website [www.atac.roma.it](http://www.atac.roma.it) Tickets

may be purchased also via the following apps:

- [Mycicero](#) (available on the App Store, Google Play and Windows phone)

- [Drop Ticket](#) (available on the App Store, Google Play and Huawei app gallery)

- [TicketAppy](#) (available on the App Store and Google Play)

## *Taxi*

Do you want to move around the city without using public service? You can contact a taxi company by dialing **+39 06060, +39.06.3570, +39.06.8822, +39.06.6645, +39.06.5551**. You can also submit your request through the following apps:

- Chiama Taxi Utente App (available on the App Store and Google Play)

- [App Taxi](#) available on the App Store and Google Play)

If you call, you are asked to clearly pronounce the address and house number where you wish to



be picked up. Through voice recognition (Automatic Speech Recognition), the system directs the call to the nearest taxi rank. The App allows data entry via touch, GPS identification of your position, and then direct voice contact with the nearest taxi.

## FIXED FEE

Fixed fee from point of departure on weekdays (from 6:00 am to 10 pm) € 3,00

Fixed fee from point of departure Sundays and public holidays (from 6:00 am to 10 pm) € 5,00 Fixed fee from point of departure at night (from 10 pm to 6 am) € 7,00

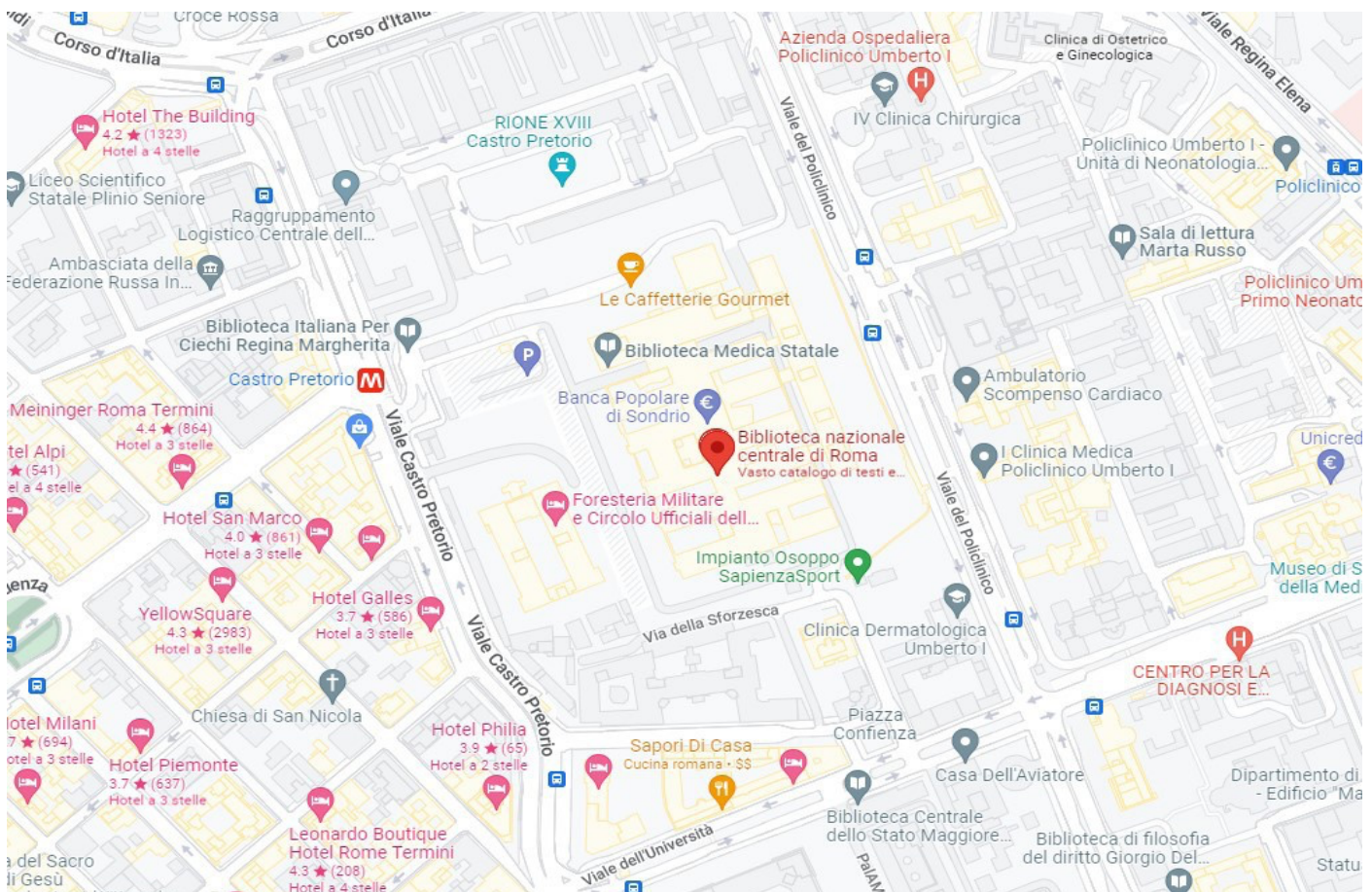
## MAIN TAXI PARKING POINTS

Largo Torre Argentina (between Pantheon and Trastevere), piazza Fiume (Villa Borghese), piazza Venezia, piazza G. Belli (Trastevere), piazzale Ostiense, piazza S.Silvestro (Trevi Fountain), piazza dei Cinquecento (Termini station), piazzale della Stazione Tiburtina, metro A Anagnina, piazzale della Stazione del Lido (Ostia), piazza Risorgimento (Vaticano).

# Conference venue

The CHARTER Rome General Meeting will be held at the Biblioteca Nazionale Centrale di Roma (National Central Library of Rome) located at viale Castro Pretorio, 105, 00185 Roma, please see: <https://goo.gl/maps/85U2XvNoHqGyr6wW9>

This location is just in front of the Castro Pretorio stop, reached by metro B (blue line), and it is very close to the city centre and Termini station, which can be easily reached by metro A and B (red and blue lines), several tram and buses.



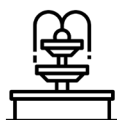




## Practical information

The Tourist Infopoints, open 365 days a year and located in the historic centre of the city, in Leonardo da Vinci - Fiumicino and G.B. Pastine - Ciampino Airports and in the central station Roma Termini, are the first point of reference for people visiting the Capital. For any information, dal +39.060608 or visit [www.060608.it/en](http://www.060608.it/en) or [www.turismoroma.it/en](http://www.turismoroma.it/en).

The multilingual staff provides all the useful information of tourist-cultural interest, itineraries, events, means of transport, sale of ATAC tickets and sale and collection of [Roma Pass](#). Sponsored by Roma Capitale and the Italian Ministry of Culture, in collaboration with ATAC, the Roma Pass is the city's tourist-cultural card. Valid for 72 or 48 hours, it includes over 45 museums, monuments, archaeological areas and experiences, including the Borghese Gallery and the Colosseum with guaranteed access upon reservation. Due to precautionary and containment provisions of Covid-19, museums and archaeological sites might apply special rules depending on the site. Check the websites of the cultural sites you wish to visit for further information.



## What to see

Ancient ruins, baroque fountains, and modern architectural masterpieces line the city's streets and piazzas seemingly at every turn. Here a list of not-to-be-missed public piazzas, fountains and monuments all around Rome.

### PIAZZA NAVONA

With its three majestic fountains and surrounding mansions, Piazza Navona is one of the most beautiful Baroque squares in Rome. The most beautiful parts of Piazza Navona are its three fountains, designed during the papacy of Gregory XIII: Fontana dei Quattro Fiumi, designed by Bernini in 1651, Fontana del Moro, sculpted by Giacomo della Porta and later perfected by Bernini, and Fontana del Nettuno.

### PIAZZA DI SPAGNA AND THE SPANISH STEPS

The Piazza di Spagna (English: Square of Spain) is one of Rome's most renowned squares. The name comes from the Palazzo di Spagna, the seat of the Spanish Embassy for the Vatican located on this square since the seventeenth century. Right in the centre of the square, the Fontana della Barcaccia (Fountain of the ugly boat) was designed by Pietro Bernini, father of the famous Gian Lorenzo Bernini, who later helped with the creation and finished it in 1627.

### PIAZZA DEL POPOLO

The Piazza del Popolo (meaning The People's Square) is located inside the northern gate of the city, which was once called Porta Flaminia. The square is situated at the beginning of Via Flaminia and was the main entrance to the city during the Roman Empire.

### CAMPO DEI FIORI

The Piazza Campo dei Fiori, which was once a field of flowers, and thus the name, was paved in 1456 under Pope Callistus III. Public executions took place in this square, which is nowadays commemorated by the impressive statue of Giordano Bruno, in the centre of the piazza. The Italian philosopher was burnt at the stake in 1600 for heresy. The monument was built in his honour in 1889.



### PIAZZA BARBERINI

The Piazza Barberini, built in 1625 on the orders of Cardinal Francesco Barberini, is located at the end of Via Veneto. It is particularly striking due to the two fountains built by Bernini: Fontana del Tritone (Triton's fountain) and Fontana delle Api (Fountain of the bees). A short distance from the square is the Palazzo Barberini, a splendid Baroque palace that houses the Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Antica.

### FONTANA DI TREVI

The baroque fountain on the Piazza di Trevi square was initially designed by Bernini for Pope Clemens XII. However, it was not built until 50 years later after a (less expensive) redesign by the architect Nicola Salvi. The almost 30-metre high Trevi Fountain was built against the back of the Palazzo Poli building. The name 'La Fontana di Trevi' is derived from tre via, or three roads. Three roads used to come together at the site of the fountain.

### PANTHEON

The Pantheon is one of those sites that first-time visitors absolutely must see and repeat visitors will likely find themselves drawn back to again and again—partly because it's so majestic and partly because there's so much to see and do around it. The best preserved building from ancient Rome, the construction of the Pantheon was carried out during the reign of Hadrian, in the year 126 A.D. In the interior of the Pantheon the tombs of numerous Italian kings and a multitude of art works are found. The best-known person who can be found buried there is undoubtedly the painter Raphael.

### CASTEL S. ANGELO

This imposing mausoleum and fortress right on the banks of the Tiber next to the Vatican is characterised by a unique architecture and relevance to the papacy: in fact this castle is where the Pope stayed during the war. Furthermore, its upstairs cafe and bar has great views over the city.

### ROMAN FORUM

Located between Piazza Venezia and the Colosseum, the Roman Forum was the hub of political and social activity of the Roman citizens. After the fall of the Empire, the Roman Forum was forgotten and little by little it was buried under the earth. Although in the 16th century the existence and location of the Forum was already known, it was not until the 20th century that excavations were carried out. Interestingly, the place where the Forum was built was originally a marshy area. In the 6th century B.C. the area was drained by means of the Cloaca Maxima, one of the first sewer systems in the world.



## Local eating

While Rome is mainly renowned for its artistic and cultural sites, its food and wine itineraries, based on typical Roman dishes, consisting of simple ingredients, rich in aromas, colours and flavours, are not less important.

There are many valuable food products typical of the Roman and Lazio countryside that characterize the regional gastronomy and have obtained the distinguishing trademarks of the European system quality: DOP, IGP, DOC and PAT.

DOP (Protected Origin Denomination): roman Pecorino cheese, Roman ricotta cheese, Roman artichoke from Lazio, Roman round hazelnut, Atina Cannellino Beans and Pontecorvo Peppers.



IGP (Protected Geographical Indication): roasted pork of Ariccia, Genzano bread, roman lamb, Amatriciano ham.

DOC (Denomination of Controlled Origin used in oenology) Cannellino of Frascati, Cesanese of : Olevano Romano, Velletri white and red, Moscato di Terracina, Circeo or Aprilia.

PAT (Traditional Food Products): : Ravenna Cherries della Sabina, Nemi strawberries, Pizzutello grapes from Tivoli, Roman Broccoli, cacio fiore Cheese from Columella, Genuine Roman Caciotta cheese.

A range of different solutions is available (farmer's markets, supermarkets, restaurants and specialized shops, organic markets) for those interested in local food products and a healthy, organic, environmentally friendly and controlled local food diet.

Useful addresses:

### **CAMPAGNA AMICA MARKET - CIRCO MASSIMO**

All producers are members of Coldiretti, the Italian agricultural producers association. Fresh, wholesome foods, seasonal products with guaranteed short supply chains. Products such as fruit, vegetables, cheese, bread and bakery products, cereals, flour and pasta, legumes, oil, fresh meat, salami, honey, preserves, fresh raw milk on tap, plants and flowers are always available.

Address: Via di San Teodoro 74 Further info on: [www.campagnamica.it](http://www.campagnamica.it)

### **SPAZIO BIO "CITTÀ DELL'ALTRA ECONOMIA"**

SpazioBio is the perfect place for anyone who is looking for the best artisan products, produced using organic agricultural methods in the heart of Rome. The sales point is promoted by the Italian Biological Agriculture Association - AIAB.

Address: Largo Dino Frisullo (ex mattatoio, zona Testaccio) Further info on: [www.cittadellaltraeconomia.org](http://www.cittadellaltraeconomia.org)

### **VIA TIBURTINA MARKET**

The market, which covers approximately 500 square metres, is located in a district with high population density, having about 400 thousand inhabitants. The market sells exclusively Italian agricultural products from the surrounding areas, it therefore represents a strictly local food sources, just like all the other markets that make up the Campagna Amica network. Via Tiburtina 695

Further info on: [www.campagnamica.it](http://www.campagnamica.it)

### **THE CASTELLI ROMANI FARMER'S MARKET**

Capannelle district This market was founded 2010, on the initiative of the "Associazione Km 0 – Consorzio Agroalimentare di Filiera Corta e dei Mercati Agricoli" (local food Association - Short Supply Chain Agri-Food and Farmer's Markets Association), in collaboration with the Province of Rome, within the context of the "Cultivating" Circuit, thanks to the alliance between a group of high quality agricultural producers and a network of local purchasing groups.

Address: Via Appia Nuova 1245

Further info on: [www.mercatocontadino.org](http://www.mercatocontadino.org)

### **CAMPAGNA AMICA MARKET - OSTIA ANTICA**

Located next to the archaeological ruins of Ostia Antica and in front of the Medieval Fortress of Julius II, the Campagna Amica Market has become a regular event for lovers of genuine products: cheese, bread and bakery products, pasta, eggs, vegetables. The stallholders include numerous young entrepreneurs who have made their passion for Made in Italy into a lifestyle choice. During the week the true taste of Italy may be found in the Bottega (shop) that has been opened nearby by an independent farmer who works in the estate of the Aldobrandini princes. Further info on: Via Capo Due Rami 3, Ostia Antica Municipio.



Further info on: [www.campagnamica.it](http://www.campagnamica.it)

### OSTIA ORGANIC MARKET

The FRUit “Fruttisti e Crudariani in Italia” (Italian Fruit and Raw Foodism) association manages its own producers’ market, at Lido di Ostia, reserved exclusively for certified organic products. The wide and varied range of organic products on offer includes fruit, vegetables, bread, cakes, pastries, honey, wine, meat, cheese and oil.

Address: Piazzetta Tor San Michele (Ostia Lido)



## Wifi in Rome

You can find free **WiFi metropolitano** in the squares, parks, universities, libraries, and meeting places of the provincial territory, but also in commercial establishments and associations displaying the logo. The complete hotspot map is available on the website [cittametropolitanaroma.it](http://cittametropolitanaroma.it). To use this service, you must first register for free with a daily limit of 300 MB of total traffic. To register, visit [signup.cittametropolitanaroma.it/owums/account/signup](http://signup.cittametropolitanaroma.it/owums/account/signup)

**Digit Roma**, the Roma Capitale portal, offers information on mobility - parking, limited traffic zones, bus times and routes, taxis - services and utilities - hospitals, pharmacies, municipal offices, hotspots. Thanks to Digit Roma, you have a free internet connection through a network of Wi-Fi hotspots in libraries, museums, schools, public offices, in the Municipalities of Rome, and in the vicinity of taxi stands, in bathhouses and hotels on the Lungomare of Ostia. You must register for the service by indicating your name, surname, email, and telephone number. At the moment, the service is only available if you have a SIM from an Italian operator.

**wifi.italia.it** is the app that allows you to connect for free and in a simple way to a free and widespread wifi network throughout the national territory. By downloading the app and registering in a minute, you can automatically connect as soon as the smartphone detects the presence in the vicinity of a hotspot of a federated network that broadcasts the network called wifi.italia.it. Free and unlimited. For further information, visit: [wifi.italia.it/en](http://wifi.italia.it/en)



## Useful numbers

**European emergency number:** 112

You can dial this number for free from fixed and mobile phones, from everywhere in the EU. It will get you straight through to the emergency services: police, ambulance, fire brigade.

Otherwise, there is a list of the most important numbers in Italy to call for any emergency services.

**Italian police:** 113

**Firemen:** 115

**First aid and hospital care:** 118

**For any information about the Covid-19:** 1500